

CLIENT INFORMATION LEAFLET

Updated: **June 2021**

Imipramine

- **Keep this leaflet safe, as you may need to refer to it again.**
- **Please ask your vet or veterinary nurse if you have any further questions.**
- **This medicine has been prescribed for your pet ONLY. Do not take it yourself or give it to another person or any other animal; it may harm them even if their symptoms appear to be the same.**

The medicine you have been given for your dog or cat is called imipramine. It may have a trade name, but often will just be called imipramine.

What is imipramine?

Imipramine is used to manage panic-related or separation anxieties that your pet may be experiencing.

Why has my pet been prescribed imipramine?

Your pet has been prescribed imipramine to help control their anxiety-related behaviour. It may also have been prescribed to aid bladder control as urination can occur during these times of anxiety.

How should I store imipramine?

This medicine does not require special storage conditions; the tablets should be stored at room temperature, away from light. **For safety, all medicines should be kept out of the reach and sight of children.**

How do I give imipramine tablets to my pet?

Imipramine tablets are given via the mouth. Try to disguise them in a small quantity of strongly flavoured food that your pet likes. Alternatively, the tablets can be placed carefully on the back of your pet's tongue and their mouth closed until the entire dose has been swallowed.

How long will my pet need to take imipramine?

Your vet will advise you on the length of time for which you will need to give this medicine. This may vary between patients. It is important that you complete the course of treatment even if your pet seems to be well. If your pet is still unwell at the end of the course, then you should contact your vet as soon as possible.

What should I do if I run out of tablets?

Try to ensure that you have enough medication in advance of it running out. However, if you do run out, contact your vet for further advice and restart the course as soon as possible.

What should I do if I miss a dose?

If you miss a dose, give the medication as soon as possible. However, it is best to skip the missed dose if it is almost time for your pet's next scheduled dose. **DO NOT** give a double dose to make up for the missed dose and do not exceed the total stated dose in any 24-hour period.

What should I do if my pet is accidentally given too many doses?

Contact your vet immediately if your pet receives an overdose of the medication.

Can my pet take imipramine if I am already giving them other drugs?

Tell your vet if you are giving your pet any other medications, even if you think they already know. This includes herbal or off-the-shelf remedies from a pet shop, pharmacy or health store.

What are the possible side effects of imipramine for my pet?

Imipramine can sometimes cause sedation where your pet appears more sleepy or lethargic. It can also cause dryness of the eyes, vomiting, diarrhoea, excitability, abnormalities in the heartbeat, fainting, reduced blood pressure and increased appetite.

What should I do if my pet is unwell while taking imipramine?

If your pet is unwell while receiving medication you should contact your vet as soon as possible for advice.

What should I do if a person accidentally takes this drug?

If a person accidentally takes your pet's medicine, they should contact their doctor immediately. This leaflet along with any remaining medication and its container (even if it is empty) should be taken with them.

Whom do I contact if I want to know more?

If you have any questions about this drug, or concerns about your pet's health, contact your vet. They will know your pet's medical history and can provide further information on imipramine.

The Prescribing Cascade

This medicine is authorized for use in human patients and is used by vets under the 'prescribing cascade'. The medicine is not authorized by the Veterinary Medicines Directorate (VMD), an executive agency of the Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (Defra), for use in dogs/cats/pets. Your vet can explain the 'prescribing cascade' in further detail to you and also explain why they are prescribing this drug for your pet. You will be asked to sign a consent form stating that you understand the reasons that the drug is being prescribed and its possible complications, before the treatment is issued.

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